

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level

CHEMISTRY 9701/31

Advanced Practical Skills

May/June 2011

CONFIDENTIAL INSTRUCTIONS

Great care should be taken to ensure that any confidential information given does not reach the candidates either directly or indirectly.



The Supervisor's attention is drawn to the form on page 7 which must be completed and returned with the scripts.

If you have any problems or queries regarding these instructions, please contact CIE

by e-mail: international@cie.org.uk

by phone: +44 1223 553554 by fax: +44 1223 553558

stating the Centre number, the nature of the query and the syllabus number quoted above.

This document consists of 8 printed pages.

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[Turn over

Safety

Supervisors are advised to remind candidates that **all** substances in the examination should be treated with caution.

Only those tests described in the question paper should be attempted. Please also see under 'Apparatus' on the use of pipette fillers, safety goggles and plastic gloves.

In accordance with COSHH (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health) Regulations, operative in the UK, a hazard appraisal of the examination has been carried out.

Attention is drawn in particular, to certain materials used in the examination. The following codes are used where relevant.

C corrosive substance F highly flammable substance

H harmful or irritating substance O oxidising substance

T toxic substance N dangerous for the environment

The attention of Supervisors is drawn to any local regulations relating to safety and first-aid.

'Hazard Data Sheets', relating to materials used in this examination, should be available from your chemical supplier.

Before the Examination

1 Access to the question paper is NOT permitted in advance of the examination.

2 Preparation of materials

Where quantities are specified for each candidate, they are sufficient for the experiments described in the question paper to be completed.

In preparing materials, the bulk quantity for each substance should be increased by 25% as spare material should be available to cover accidental loss. More material may be supplied if requested by candidates, without penalty.

All solutions should be bulked and mixed thoroughly before use to ensure uniformity.

Every effort should be made to keep the concentrations accurate to within one part in two hundred of those specified.

Supervisors are asked to carry out any confirmatory tests given on page 4 to ensure the materials supplied are appropriate.

If the concentrations differ slightly from those specified, the Examiners will make the necessary allowance. They should be informed of the exact concentrations.

3 Labelling of materials

Materials must be labelled as specified in these instructions. Materials with an **FA** code number should be so labelled **without** the identities being included on the label. Where appropriate the identity of an **FA** coded chemical is given in the question paper itself.

4 Identity of materials

It should be noted that descriptions of solutions given in the question paper may not correspond exactly with the specifications in these Instructions. The candidates must assume the descriptions given in the question paper.

5 Size of group

In view of the difficulty of the preparation of large quantities of solution of uniform concentration, it is recommended that the maximum number of candidates per group be 30 and that separate supplies of solutions be prepared for each group.

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Apparatus

- 1 In addition to the fittings ordinarily contained in a chemical laboratory, the apparatus and materials specified below will be necessary.
- 2 Pipette fillers (or equivalent safety devices), safety goggles and disposable plastic gloves should be used where necessary.
- For each candidate 3
 - $1 \times 50 \, \text{cm}^3$ burette
 - 1 × funnel (for filling burette)
 - 1 × stand and burette clamp
 - $1 \times 25 \,\mathrm{cm}^3$ bulb form pipette
 - 1 × teat/squeeze/dropping pipette
 - 1 × pipette filler
 - $1 \times 250 \, \text{cm}^3$ graduated (volumetric) flask, labelled **FA 3**
 - 1 × white tile
 - $2 \times 250 \, \text{cm}^3$ glass beakers $2 \times 250 \, \text{cm}^3$ conical flasks

 - $1 \times 25 \,\mathrm{cm}^3$ measuring cylinder
 - $1 \times 50 \,\mathrm{cm}^3$ measuring cylinder
 - 2 × foamed plastic (expanded polystyrene) cup
 - 1 × thermometer, -10 °C to +110 °C by 1 °C
 - $1 \times \text{spatula}$
 - 1 × glass rod
 - 1 × heat-proof mat
 - 1 × tripod and gauze
 - 1 × Bunsen burner
 - 2 × boiling tubes*
 - 8 × test-tubes*
 - 1 × hard glass test-tube, suitable to heat a solid
 - 1 × test-tube rack
 - 1 × test-tube holder
 - 1 × wash bottle containing distilled water paper towels

*Candidates are expected to rinse and re-use test-tubes and boiling tubes where possible. Additional tubes should be available.

Chemicals Required

It is especially important that great care is taken that the confidential information given below does not reach the candidates either directly or indirectly.

Particular requirements N

hazard	label	per candidate	identity	notes (hazards given in this column refer to the raw materials)
Ξ	FA 1	50 cm ³	0.64 moldm ⁻³ sulfuric acid	Pour $35\mathrm{cm}^3$ of concentrated sulfuric acid [C] slowly into $500\mathrm{cm}^3$ of distilled water, with stirring, then make solution up to $1\mathrm{dm}^3$ with distilled water. Care – concentrated H_2SO_4 is very corrosive.
E	FA 2	120 cm ³	0.150 mol dm ⁻³ sodium hydroxide	Dissolve 6.00g of NaOH [C] in each dm^3 of solution with distilled water.
Ē	phenolphthalein	5cm ³	phenolphthalein	Supplied in dropping bottles. See p 66 of the 2011 Syllabus for preparation instructions.

Check on suitability of reagents.

Check, and adjust where necessary, the concentration of FA 1 by titrating 10.0 cm³ of FA 1 with 0.500 mol dm⁻³ NaOH (20.0 g dm⁻³) using phenolphthalein indicator. Adjust the concentration of **FA 1** to give a titration reading of between 24.0 and 27.0 cm³.

[H]	FA 4	125 cm ³	0.64 mol dm ⁻³ sulfuric acid	125 cm ³ 0.64 mol dm ⁻³ sulfuric acid This is 125 cm ³ of FA 1 after the concentration adjustment.
[]	FA 5	0.6-0.7g × 2	magnesium turnings	Each candidate should be provided with two stoppered tubes/bottles, labelled FA 5, and containing 0.6-0.7 g of Mg [F].
	FA6	1.8-1.9g	1.8-1.9g magnesium oxide	Each candidate should be provided with a stoppered tube/bottle, labelled FA 6, and containing 1.8-1.9g of MgO.
[H]	FA 7	1.0g	zinc nitrate	Each candidate should be provided with a stoppered tube/bottle, labelled FA 7 , and containing about 1.0g of freshly purchased Zn(NO ₃) ₂ .6H ₂ O [O] [H] .
[H]	FA 8	0.5g	copper(II) sulfate	Each candidate should be provided with a stoppered tube/bottle, labelled FA 8, and containing about 0.5g of CuSO ₄ .5H ₂ O [H] [N].

NOTE: The laboratory must be well ventilated.

The reagents below should also be provided. If necessary, they may be made available from a communal supply: however, the attention of the Invigilators should be drawn to the fact that such an arrangement may lead to the contamination of reagents and enhance the opportunity for malpractice between candidates.

notes							See identity details and preparation instructions on page 65 and 66 of the 2011 syllabus.					Starch indicator should be prepared but labelled as starch solution.
label	dilute hydrochloric acid	dilute nitric acid	dilute sulfuric acid	aqueous ammonia	aqueous sodium hydroxide	0.1 moldm ⁻³ barium chloride	or 0.1 moldm ⁻³ barium nitrate	0.05 mol dm ⁻³ silver nitrate	0.1 mol dm ⁻³ potassium iodide	limewater	acidified aqueous potassium dichromate(VI)	starch solution
hazard	Ξ	<u>[</u>	Ξ	Ξ	<u>Ö</u>	Ε	Ξ	E		Ξ	E E	

The following materials and apparatus should be available.

red and blue litmus paper, plain filter paper strips for use with dichromate(VI), aluminium foil for testing for nitrate/nitrite, wooden splints, and the apparatus normally used in the Centre for use with limewater in testing for carbon dioxide

Responsibilities of the Supervisor during the Examination

1 The Supervisor, or other competent chemist, **must**, **out of sight of the candidates**, **carry out the experiments in Question 1 and Question 2** and complete tables of readings on a spare copy of the question paper which should be labelled 'Supervisor's Results'.

This should be done for:

each session held and each laboratory used in that session, and each set of solutions supplied.

N.B. The question paper cover requests the candidate to fill in details of the examination session and the laboratory used for the examination.

It is essential that each packet of scripts contains a copy of the applicable Supervisor's Results as the candidates' work cannot be assessed accurately without such information.

2 The Supervisor must complete the Report Form on page 7 to show which candidates attended each session. If all candidates took the examination in one session, please indicate this on the Report Form. A copy of the Report Form must accompany each copy of the Supervisor's Results in order for the candidates' work to be assessed accurately.

The Supervisor must give details on page 8 of any particular difficulties experienced by a candidate, especially if the Examiner would be unable to discover this from the written answers.

After the Examination

Each envelope returned to Cambridge must contain the following items.

- 1 The scripts of those candidates specified on the bar code label provided.
- 2 A copy of the Supervisor's Report relevant to the candidates in 1.
- **3** A copy of the Report Form, including details of any difficulties experienced by candidates (see pages 7 and 8).
- 4 The Attendance Register.
- 5 A Seating Plan for each session/laboratory.

Failure to provide appropriate documentation in each envelope may cause candidates to be penalised.

COLOUR-BLINDNESS

With regard to colour-blindness – a minor handicap, relatively common in males – it is permissible to advise candidates who request assistance on colours of, for example precipitates and solutions (especially titration end-points). Please include with the scripts a note of the candidate numbers of such candidates.

Experience suggests that candidates who are red/green colour-blind – the most common form – do not generally have significant difficulty. Reporting such cases with the scripts removes the need for a 'Special Consideration' application for this handicap.

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REPORT FORM

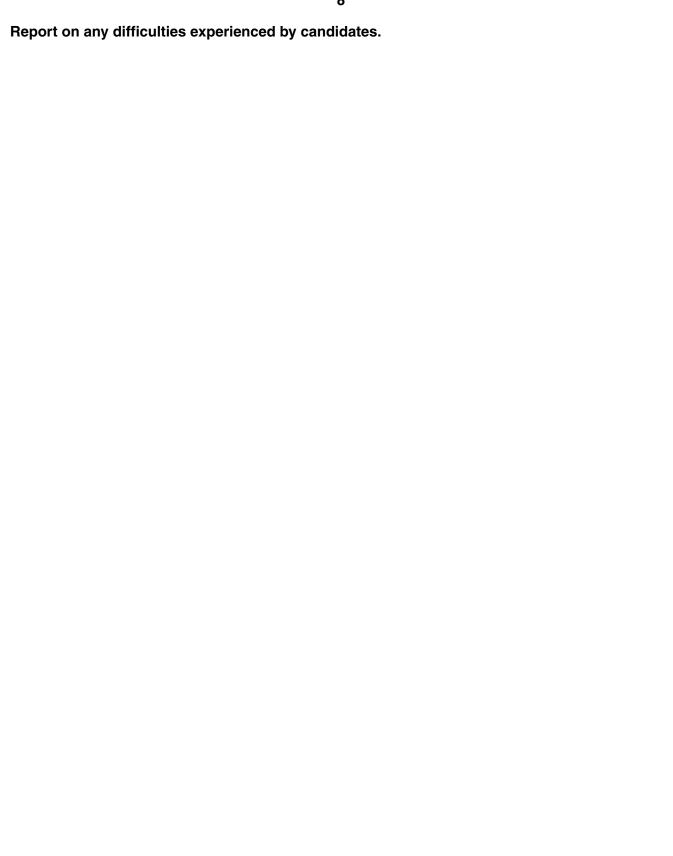
This	s form must be completed and sent to the E	xaminer in the envelope with the scripts.
Cen	tre Number	Name of Centre
1	Supervisor's Results	
	•	d in Question 1 and Question 2 on a spare copy of r's Results' and showing the Centre number and
2	The candidate numbers of candidates attendi	ng each session were:
	First Session	Second Session
3	The Supervisor is required to give details or candidates, giving names and candidate numbers	verleaf of any difficulties experienced by particular pers. These should include reference to:
	(a) any general difficulties encountered in ma	aking preparation;
	(b) difficulties due to faulty apparatus or mate	erials;
	(c) accidents to apparatus or materials;	

normal 'Application for Special Consideration' form.

Other cases of hardship, e.g. illness, temporary disability, should be reported direct to CIE on the

(d) assistance with respect to colour-blindness.

A plan of work benches, giving details by candidate numbers of the places occupied by the candidates for each experiment for each session, must be enclosed with the scripts.



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